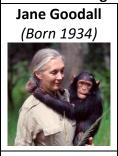
Key vocabulary	
classification	Grouping things based on their
	characteristics so that they can
	be identified.
classification	A series of yes/no questions
key	that help identify or classify
	things.
environment	The conditions in which a living
	thing exists. Soil, climate and
	other living things all count as
	part of the environment.
migrate	The long-distance movement of
	animals, usually due to a
	change in the seasons.
hibernate	An animal or plant that spends
	the winter in a dormant state.
vertebrates	Animals that have a backbone.
	Fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds
	and mammals.
invertebrates	Animals that do not have a
	backbone. Examples are snails,
	worms, spiders and insects.

How can environments change?		
Natural changes	This could be caused by	
	flooding, fire, earthquakes etc	
Human have an impact on the environment:		
Positive impact	Negative impact	
This could be:	This could be:	
<ul> <li>setting up</li> </ul>	o a • littering	
nature re	serve • deforestation	
<ul> <li>tree plant</li> </ul>	ting  • air pollution	
<ul> <li>creating a</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>plastics in the</li> </ul>	
garden po	ond. oceans	



Significant scientistsallJane Goodall is an expert on4)wild chimpanzees. She isknown for her groundbreaking discoveries abouttheir behaviour. She hasshown us the urgent need toprotect chimpanzees fromextiction.

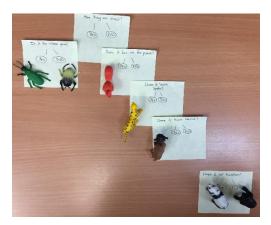
Seirian Sumner Dr Seirian Sumner Dr Seirian Sumner

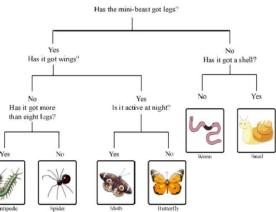
Dr Seirian Sumner is an evolutionary biologist and behavioural ecologist. She specialises in social evolution and behaviour in insects (bees, wasps and ants).

## **Environments can change with the seasons:**



## Classification keys A key to sort leaves Image: Construction keys Image: Constructit





Information relating to 'famous scientists' adapted from work by Alex Sinclair & Amy Strachan of St Mary's University

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